Laborzentrifugen

# Konformitätserklärung

(73/23/EWG; 89/336/EWG; 98/37/EWG)

# **Statement of Conformity**

(73/23/CEE; 89/336/CEE; 98/37/CEE)

# Déclaration de conformité

(73/23/CEE; 89/336/CEE; 98/37/CEE)

Die nachfolgend bezeichnete Maschine wurde in Übereinstimmung mit den Richtlinien 73/23/EWG; 89/336/EWG und 98/37/EWG hergestellt und geprüft.

The following machine is manufactured and tested in compliance with directions 73/23/CEE; 89/336/CEE and 98/37/CEE.

La machine désignée ci-dessous est produit et examiné conforme aux directives 73/23/CEE; 89/336/CEE et 98/37/CEE

Bezeichnung der Maschine:

Laborzentrifuge

Machine:

Laboratory Centrifuge

Désignation de la machine:

Centrifugeuse de laboratoire

Maschinentyp:

1 - 13

Type:

Type de la machine:

Bestell Nr.:

10110, 10111, 10112

Part No.: Réf. usine:

Normen:

EN 61010-1

Standards:

EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3

Normes:

EN 61326

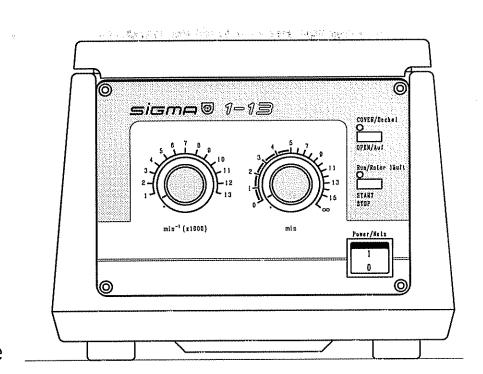
## Sigma Laborzentrifugen

An der Unteren Söse 50 D-37520 Osterode

01.02.2002

Geschäftsführer Managing Director Directeur Gérant





Benchtop Centrifuge

1-13 OPERATING MANUAL

# Preface:

Dear customer,

Congratulations for purchasing a SIGMA laboratory centrifuge. You have selected a device which combines many advantages.

The electronic operation control allows a trouble-free use of the centrifuge. With its 3-phase drive, maintenance-free quiet operation without any carbon dust pollution is guaranteed.

Your device is equipped with user-friendly options which make the operation easier for you

All settings are executed via the control panel. In addition, the interior of the centrifuge is also easy to clean. We offer you a device that combines functional variety with practical applications.

We thank you for your confidence and wish you a successful application of the centrifuge.

SIGMA Laborzentrifugen GmbH Postfach 1713 - D-37507 Osterode Tel. 05522/5007-0 - Telefax 05522/500712

Internet : www.sigma-zentrifugen.de eMail : info@sigma-zentrifugen.de

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Manufactuer:	S I G M A Laborzentrifugen GmbH 37520 Osterode
Type:	1-13
Electr connection: Protection class:	see nameplate
Power consumption (kVA):	0,125
Rated power (kW).	0,65
Max. current (A):	0,6 (230 V/50 Hz) respectively
· ·	1,2 (120 V/60 Hz)
Power data:	
Max. speed (rpm):	13 000
Max capacity (ml):	40
Max. gravitational field (x g):	11 340
Max. kin. energy (Nm):	960
Further parameters	
Time range:	0 - 15 min/continuous run/
	short-time operation
Dimensions:	
Depth (mm):	265
Width (mm):	215
Height (mm):	175
Weight (kg):	4,5
EMC (acc. to EN 55011):	Class B
Noise level (dBA):	< 60
Notes of user:	
Serial number:	
Supply date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Inventory number:	
Location:	
Responsibility:	

The figures are valid for an ambient temperature of 23 °C +/- 2 °C and nominal voltage +/- 5 % (Allowable ambient temperature +4 °C - +40 °C; max. humidity 80 % ) Subject to technical alterations.

# 1.2 Accessories Suitable for SIGMA 1-13

Part No.	Description		Max. speed (rpm)	Max. gravitational field (x g)
11188		6 x 1.5-2.2 ml for reaction 15040, max. radius 6 cm, cm	11 800	9 340
12002		1.5-2.2 ml for reaction vials ), max. radius 5.9 cm, min. ngle 45°	13 000	11 340
12034	for reaction vial radius 5.9 cm, n short accelerati	ypropylene, 12 x 1,5-2,2 ml s e.g. 15008, 15040, max. nin. radius 2.9 cm, angle 45°, on and deceleration time, approx. 8/5 seconds	13 000	11 340
12027	e.g. 15008, 1504	x 1.5-2.2 ml for reaction vials d0 or 16 x 0.5-0.75 ml for g. 15005, ∅ 7.9/10 x es, angle 46°	13 000	
	radii for 1.5-2.2 outer line 6.38/3 inner line 5.58/2	3.1 cm		12 054 10 542
	radii for 0.5-0.79 outer line 5.6/3. inner line 4.9/2.	2 cm		10 580 9 258
12028	vials e.g. 15005	<ul> <li>0.5-0.75 ml for reaction</li> <li>, Ø 7.9/10 x 28/31 mm, max.</li> <li>n. radius 3.6 cm,</li> </ul>	13 000	11 337
12029	e.g. 15008, 1504	x 1.5-2.2 ml for reaction vials 40 or 18 x 0.25-0.4 ml for .g. 15014, 2 lines, angle 45°	13 000	
	max. radii 6.38 cm 6.3 cm 5.58 cm 5.5 cm	min. radii 3.28 cm 3.1 cm 2.48 cm 2.3 cm		12 054 11 903 10 542 10 391

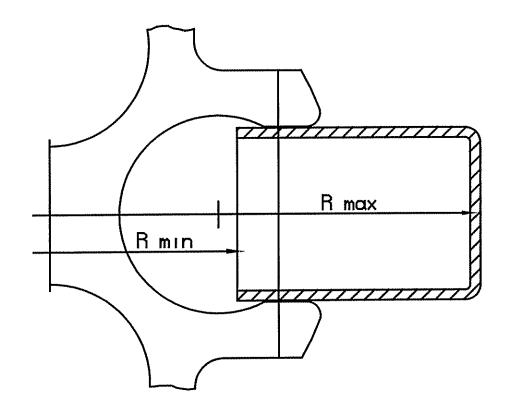
Part No.	Description	Max. speed (rpm)	Max. gravitational field (x g)
12032	Angle rotor 10 x 1.5-2.2 ml for reaction vials e.g. 15008, 15040 and 10 x 0.5-0.75 ml for reaction vials e.g. 15005, $\varnothing$ 7.9/10 x 28/31 mm, 1 line, max. radius 6.6 cm, min. radius 3.6/3.5 cm, angle 41°	13 000	12 470
Adaptors and	d Plastic Vessels	· <u></u>	
13000	Adapter for reaction vials 0.25-0.4 ml 15014, suitable for 12002, 12029, 12034, Polyallomer		
13002	Adapter for reaction vials 0.5-0.75 ml 15005, Ø 7.9/10 x 28/31 mm, suitable for 12002, 12029, 12034, Polyallomer		
13021	Adapter for PCR-tube 0.2 ml, Ø 5.85/6.95 x 20/23.4 mm, suitable for 12002, 12029, 12034, Polyallomer		
15005	Reaction vials 0.5 ml, Ø 7.9/10 x 28/31 mm, 1 pack contains 100 pcs., suitable for 12027, 12028, 12032, 13002		
15008	Reaction vials 1.5 ml, 1 pack contains 100 pcs., suitable for 11188, 12002, 12027, 12029, 12032, 12034		
15040	Reaction vials 2.2 ml, 1 pack contains 100 pcs., suitable for 11188, 12002, 12027, 12029, 12032, 12034		
15014	Reaction vials 0.4 ml (Beckman system), polypropylene, 1 pack contains 100 pcs., suitable for 12029, 13000		
Accessories	for microhematocrit capillary tubes		
11025	Microhematocrit rotor for 24 capillary tubes $\varnothing$ 1.4 x 50 mm 15028, max. radius 6.3 cm, min. radius 1.3 cm	13 000	11 900
16002	Rubber ring for microhematocrit rotor		

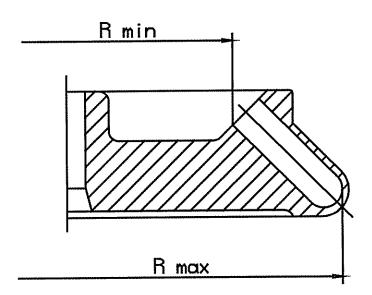
Part No.	Description
15028	Microhematocrit capillary tubes, heparinized, $\varnothing$ 1.4 x 50 mm, 200 pcs.
17005	Capillary tube sealing putty (6 plates)
17026	Reader for microhematocrit rotor
17028	Reader for 1 capillary tube

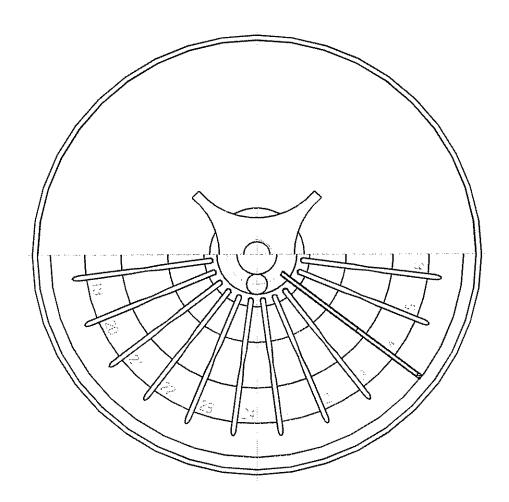
Further accessories available on request.

### Maximum speed for tubes

Some tubes, e.g. centrifuge glass tubes, microtubes, culture tubes, Teflon tubes and especially high volume tubes can be used in our rotors, buckets and adapters at higher speeds than their breaking limit. We recommend to always fill up the tubes and to follow the recommendations of the manufacturer.







1.3	Scope of Supply	
	The following belongs to the centrifuge:	
	Connection cable Rotor wrench 20 ml slushing oil	Part No. 70 285 Part No. 930 020 Part No. 70104
	Documentation:	
	Operating Manual "Rotor and Accessories, Operation and EU-Statement of Conformity Equipment Decontamination Certificate	
	Accessories according to your order, note.	our order confirmation and our delivery
	Rotor Part No.	Rotor No.
	VII. (4.V.2.VIII.2.V.2.V.3.V.)	1 # N F W 1   N T
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# 1.4 Standards and Regulations

Please refer to the enclosed EU-Statement of Conformity.

### 1.5 Safety Instructions

According to the German health and safety regulation UVV, VBG 7z the operator should take care of the following points:

- According to § 19 of the UVV, VBG 7z the owner has to provide operating instructions based on those of the manufacturer and to inform the employees accordingly.
- For safety reasons these operating instructions must clearly state that the stamped max. speed of the used rotor and the max. allowable filling quantity must not be exceeded.
- 3. If the density of the material exceeds 1.2 g/cm³, the max. speed of the centrifuge must be reduced (see formula chapter 7.1.2).
- 4. Operation of the centrifuge in hazardous locations is not allowed.
- 5. During operation the centrifuge must not be moved. Leaning against or resting on the centrifuge is not allowed.
- 6. Do not spin explosive or highly inflammable materials.
- 7. Substances which could damage the material of the centrifuge, the rotors or the buckets anyhow must not be centrifuged or only under consideration of special safety measures. Infectious, toxic, pathogene or radioactive substances must be centrifuged in certified rotors only.
- 8. The rotor part no. 12034 has to be replaced after it had been autoclaved twenty times. In the event of frequent use the rotor should be replaced every five years.
- 9. Keep a clearance of at least 30 cm around the centrifuge. Dangerous materials of any kind must not be put down or stored in that area.
- 10. Attention!

  Defective lid relieving devices could cause the centrifuge lid to fall down (contact Service). Risk of bruising!

# 1.6 Symbol Table

International symbols used for the centrifuge:

Symbol	Title
<u> </u>	Gefährliche elektrische Spannung
/ <u>/</u> /	Dangerous voltage
$\angle 7\Delta$	Courant haute tension
	Achtung, Bedienungsanleitung beachten
$\wedge$	Attention, consult accompanying documents
<b>/!</b> \	Attention, consulter les documents joints
	Ein (Netzverbindung)
	On (Power)
<b>.</b>	Marche (mise sous tension)
	Aus (Netzverbindung)
$\mathbf{O}$	Off (Power)
	Arrêt (mise hors tension)
	Schutzleiteranschluß
	Protective earth (ground)
I <b>∖≟</b> J	Liaison à la terre
	Liaison a la torro
1	Erde
	Earth (ground)
	Terre
	Netzstecker ziehen
個語	Unplug mains plug
	Tirer la fiche de prise
	Vorsicht Quetschgefahr
	Caution! Risk of bruising
	Attention! Danger de blessure
	Drehrichtungspfeil
	Arrow direction of rotation
7	Flèche sens de rotation
	Heiße Oberfläche
	Hot surface
	Surface chaude

# 2. Description of Centrifuge:

### 2.1 General Outlay

The new generation of SIGMA laboratory centrifuges is equipped with newest state-of-the-art electronics and is driven by brushless, silent and long-life asynchronous motors.

The problem of carbon brush change is no longer existent and as there is no carbon dust pollution, operation in clean rooms is possible if the appropriate accessories are used.

# 2.2 Construction and Constructive Safety Measures

The centrifuge is built into a solid plastic housing. The centrifuge lid is made of solid steel. From the back, the lid is secured by solid hinges and at the front by a separate cover lock.

### 2.3 Drive

The drive motor is a well dimensioned asynchronous motor.

## 2.4 Operation and Display

Operation is executed via two knobs. Any operating status is indicated.

### 2.5 Electronics

The electronics controlled by a microprocessor allows extensive adaptations of the centrifuge to the different tasks. The following parameters can be set:

- Speed in steps of 500 rpm
- Time in steps of 1 min
- Continuous operation
- Short-time operation

## 2.6 Safety Devices

Apart from the passive safety devices due to the instrument's mechanical design there are the following active precautions for your safety:

# 2. Description of Centrifuge:

### 2.6.1 Lid Lock, Cover Closing Device

The centrifuge can only be started when the lid is correctly closed. The cover locks must close. The lid can only be opened when the rotor has stopped. If the lid is opened by the emergency release during operation, the centrifuge will immediately switch off and decelerate brakeless. If the lid is open, the drive is completely separated from the mains supply, that means starting of the centrifuge is impossible (refer to point 7.2.1 "Emergency lid release").

### 2.6.2 Standstill Monitoring

Opening of the centrifuge lid may only be possible, if the rotor is at standstill. This standstill is checked by the microprocessor

## 2.6.3 System Check

An internal system check monitors data transmission and the sensor signals with regard to plausibility. In case of a malfunction error messages are indicated by flashing LEDs.

### 2.6.4 Ground Wire Check

The ground wire check can be carried out at the hinges using an appropriate measuring instrument.

#### Unpacking of the Centrifuge 3.1

Open cardboard. Take out centrifuge with foam cushions. When lifting or carrying the centrifuge please always reach under the instrument from the side.

Please keep case for possible transport of centrifuge later.

#### Transport Safety Device 3,1.1

The transport safety device must be removed. It is accessible by opening the centrifuge lid (please refer to chapter 3.4.2 "Opening lid") or via the emergency lid release (refer to chapter 7.2.1 "Emergency lid release"). Remove the cap in the centrifuge chamber.

### 3.2 Installation

### 3.2.1 Site

All energy consumed by the centrifuge is converted into heat and emitted into the ambient air. Therefore, sufficient ventilation is important. As the air-ducts in the unit must be open, keep a clearance of at least 30 cm around the centrifuge. Also, the centrifuge shouldn't be positioned near radiators and should not be directly exposed to sunshine.

The table should have a solid, even top.

For normal operation the ambient temperature should not fall below 10 °C and not exceed 35 °C. The max, humidity of air is 80 %. During transport from cold to warmer places water will condensate inside the centrifuge. It is important that there is enough time for drying before the centrifuge can be started again.

### 3.2.2 Connection

The operating voltage on the name plate must correspond to the local supply voltage!

SIGMA laboratory centrifuges are units of safety class I, DIN VDE 0700, and include a three wire power cord 2,5 m long with shockproof right angle plug.

At the back there is the mains supply.

# 3.2.3 Fuses / Emergency Circuit Breaker on Site

The centrifuges must be protected typically with at least 16 A slow acting fuses.

An emergency circuit breaker to cut the power to the centrifuge in the event of a malfunction is required on site. This switch should be located away from the centrifuge, preferably outside the room where the centrifuge is used or at the exit of this room.

### 3.3 Installation of Rotors and Accessories

- 1. Open centrifuge lid by pressing the Cover/Deckel-key (2).
- 2. Lower the rotor straight down onto the motor shaft.
- Tighten the tie-down screw (clockwise) with the rotor wrench with approx. 5 Nm.

In the event of frequent use the tie-down screw must be loosened by some turns and fastened again. This should be done once a day or after approx. 20 cycles. This ensures a proper connection between rotor and shaft (please refer to chapter 6.2 "Care and cleaning of accessories" as well).

- 4. Use only appropriate vessels for the rotor (please refer to chapter 1.2 "Suitable accessories" as well).
- 5. Fill vessels external to the centrifuge.
- Put or screw on covers of vessels.
- Opposite places of the rotors must always be loaded with same accessories and same filling.
- 8. In angle rotors the plastic vessels must always be totally filled to avoid cracks of vessels and leakages or loosening of the caps in case of partial filling.

Attention, follow the special comments of chapter 1.5.

- 9. Attention: The centrifuge will absorb smaller differences in weight when loading the rotors. But it is recommended to balance the vessels as accurately as possible in order to ensure a run with minimal vibrations.
- 10. Don't fix the rotor screw without a rotor. Otherwise you 'll distroy the shaft.

#### Initial Start-Up 3.4

Attention!

Before initial start-up please take care that your centrifuge is orderly installed (refer to chapter 3.1.1 "Transport safety device" and 3.2 "Installation").

Please use the illustration of the operating panel (refer to chapter 4.1).

#### Switching on of the Centrifuge 3.4.1

Press mains switch (1) (front panel):

 The LED Cover/Deckel (3) is illuminated. The centrifuge is operative.

#### 3.4.2 Opening Lid

Press the Cover/Deckel-key (2).

- The lid opens.

#### 3.4.3 Installation of a Rotor

The installation of a rotor depends on the type of rotor (refer to chapter 3.4.3.1 and 3.4.3.2).

#### Installation of an Angle Rotor and a Swing-Out Rotor 3.4.3.1

Put a rotor onto the shaft and fasten it by screwing the rotor tie-down screw clockwise onto the drive shaft. Please use the supplied rotor wrench (refer to chapter 3.3 "Installation of rotor and accessories").

#### Installation of a Microhematocritrotor 3 4 3 2

- Unscrew rotor tie-down screw from the motor shaft (anticlockwise).
- 2. Screw the special rotor tie-down screw (this is supplied with the microhematocritrotor) with small washer into the motor shaft.
- 3. Lower the microhematocritrotor straight down onto the motor shaft. Tighten the rotor tie-down screw (clockwise) using the rotor wrench.

### 4. Check correct position of the rotor

5. Operation:

- Fill blood into capillary tubes and close one end using sealing putty or by melting.
- Put capillary tubes into microhematocritrotor with closed end against the rubber ring. Attention! The capillary tubes have to be close to the rubber ring. Always load opposite places.
- Screw rotor cover onto rotor.
- Close centrifuge lid.
- Set centrifugation parameter: gravitational field RCF 11 900 x g, time 5 minutes.
- Start centrifuge.
- Open centrifuge lid and rotor cover after centrifugation.

#### 6. Analysis:

- Place reader onto rotor
- Adjust the 0-point and the maximum liquid point of the capillary tubes by turning the reader and precise adjustment via the central eccentric. The % value can be read.
- Remove capillary tubes from the rotor Individual capillaries can also be analysed outside the rotor using the card reader (please refer to instructions on the reverse of the reader

7. Cleaning:

The rotor has to be removed from the centrifuge for cleaning. Clean the rotor chamber using a cloth or a paper towl.

8. Rubber ring:

In the event of wear or glass breakage the rubber ring must be replaced. Please purchase part no. 16001 for rotors 11001 and 11409 or part no. 16002 for rotor 11025.

## 3.4.4 Starting and Stopping the Centrifuge

Close the lid properly.

- The LED Run/Rotor läuft (7) will light up briefly.
- The LED Cover/Deckel (3) is illuminated and a run can be started.

Set a desired time using the knob (5) and press the Start/Stop-key (4) briefly (< 1 sec.). You are in the start mode.

- The LED Run/Rotor läuft (7) is flashing until the set time has run down.
- The centrifuge will decelerate to standstill.
- Once the LED Cover/Deckel (3) is illuminated, the cover can be opened by pressing the Cover/Deckel-key (2).

The speed value can be changed during the run by turning the left knob.

To avoid inadvertent changes a software block must be overcome when changing the speed value during a run. Turn the left knob strongly in one direction. The desired speed value can then be set.

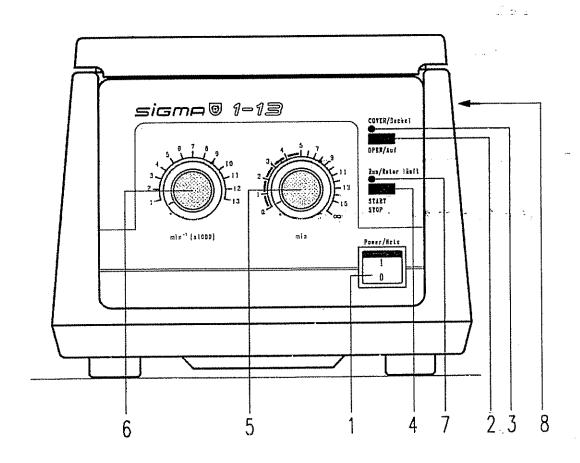
### 3.4.5 Short-Run

Press the Start/Stop-key (4) for the whole short-run. The centrifuge accelerates to the maximum speed (13000 rpm). After release of the Start/Stop-key the centrifuge decelerates to standstill.

Once the LED Cover/Deckel (3) is illuminated, the cover can be opened by pressing the Cover/Deckel-key (2).

# 4. Operating Elements:

## 4.1 Operating Panel



- 1 Mains switch "Power/Netz"
- 2 Cover-key "Open/Auf"
- 3 LED "Cover/Deckel"
- 4 Start/Stop-key
- 5 Time preselection
- 6 Speed preselection
- 7 LED "Run/Rotor läuft"
- 8 Emergency lid release

The centrifuge is operated via the operating panel. Keys can be pressed when their LED is on.

When power is applied and the lid is properly closed, both LEDs are illuminated for a short time.

# 5. Notes for Centrifugation:

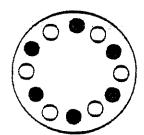
## 5.1 Practical Notes for Centrifugation

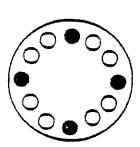
- 1 Locate centrifuge horizontally on a level surface.
- 2. Ensure safe location.
- 3. Keep at least 30 cm free space around the centrifuge.
- 4. Provide for sufficient ventilation.
- 5. Tighten rotor firmly onto motor shaft.
- Avoid imbalance.
- 7 Load opposite places with same accessories
- 8. Centrifugation with low capacity:

An example is the fixed angle rotor 12 x 1,5 ml.

The vessels should be placed symmetrically so that the rotor is loaded evenly Loading e.g. only one position is not allowed.

- 9. Load vessels outside the centrifuge.
- 10. Fill vessels carefully to same weight. Imbalances would result in increased wear of bearings.
- 11. Use perfect accessories only.
- 12. Avoid corrosion to accessories by careful maintenance.
- 13. Spin infectious material in sealed rotors and buckets only.
- 14. Do not spin explosive or highly imflammable materials.
- 15. When centrifuging substances with a density > 1,2 g/cm<sup>3</sup> the allowable max. speed must be reduced (refer to chapter 7.1.2 "Density").
- 16. Grease rotor pins and grooves of the buckets.





# 5. Notes for Centrifugation:

## 5.2 Forbidden Centrifuging Operations

- 1. Operation of not carefully installed centrifuge.
- Operation without front or back panels.
- 3. Operation by non authorized personnel.
- 4. Operation with rotor not installed properly (refer to chapter 3.3).
- 5. Operation with overloaded rotors

The load for a rotor is limited by its design and the max speed (see rotor/bucket engraving) and must not be exceeded. The rotors are intended for liquids of max homogeneous density of 1.2 g/cm³ if centrifuged at max speed. If liquids of higher density are used, the speed must be reduced accordingly (refer to chapter 7.1 "Mathematical relations")

- 6. Operation with rotors and adapters showing corrosion or other defects.
- 7. Operation of very corrosive substances which can cause damages to material and affect mechanical strength of rotors and adapters.
- 8. Operation of rotors and accessories not allowed by the manufacturer. The use of poor commodity goods is not recommended. At high speeds breaking glass or bursting vessels can cause dangerous imbalances.
- Operation in hazardous locations.
- 10. Operation with vessels of improper size
- 11. Centrifugation of improper material.
- 12. Operation with partially filled plastic tubes in high-speed angle rotors.
- 13. Lifting or moving of the centrifuge during operation. Leaning against or resting on the centrifuge is not allowed.
- 14 Do not place potential dangerous material e.g. glass vessels containing liquids near the centrifuge
- 15. Attention:

Do not open the lid and/or reach into rotor chamber unless the rotor is at standstill. Never attempt to override the lid interlock system while the rotor is spinning.

16. Such materials are prohibited which chemically interact vigorously.

# 5. Notes for Centrifugation:

- 17. Do not spin explosive or inflammable materials.
- 18. Substances which could damage the material of the centrifuge, the rotors or the adapters must not be centrifuged. Infectious, toxic, pathogene or radioactive substances must be centrifuged in certified rotors and vessels only and all necessary safety precautions are taken.

### 6.1 Care and Cleaning of Centrifuge

Please use water-soluble, mild detergents for cleaning. Avoid corroding and aggressive substances. Do not use alkaline solutions or solvents or agents with abrasive particles. Before using detergents or decontamination agents which had not been recommended by us, the user has to contact us to make sure that such procedure would not damage the centrifuge.

Remove product particles from the rotor chamber using a cloth or paper towl. It is recommended to open the lid when the centrifuge is not in use so that moisture can evaporate. Increased wear of the motor bearings will thus be avoided. If there is the risk of toxic, radioactive or pathogene contamination, special safety measures must be kept.

## 6.2 Care and Cleaning of Accessories

For care of accessories special safety measures must be considered as these are measures ensuring operational safety at the same time.

Chemical reactions as well as stress-corrosion (combination of oscillating pressure and chemical reaction) can affect or destroy the metals. Hardly detectable cracks on the surface expand and weaken the material without visible signs. When detecting a visible damage of the surface, a crack, a mark or any other change, also corrosion, the part (rotor, etc.) must be replaced immediately.

In order to avoid corrosion, rotor incl. tie-down screw and cover seal and adapters must be cleaned and greased regularly with the supplied slushing oil (Sigma part no.: 70104 for 20 ml slushing oil). Before using detergents or decontamination agents which had not been recommended by us, the user has to contact us to make sure that such procedure would not damage the centrifuge. The rotor tie-down screw must be greased using grease (Sigma part no.: 70284).

Cleaning of accessories should be done outside of the centrifuge once a week or preferably after every use. Adapters should be removed. After this the parts should be dried with a soft cloth or, alternatively, in a drying chamber at approx. 50 °C. If there is the risk of toxic, radioactive or pathogene contamination, special safety measures must be kept.

Especially aluminium parts are extremely corrosive. A neutral cleaning detergent with a pH-value between 6 and 8 should be used for such parts. Alkaline agents exceeding pH 8 must be avoided. Especially aluminium parts must be greased regularly with slushing oil. This procedure essentially increases life time and reduces corrosion.

### 6.2.1 Service Notes

The rotor part no. 12034 consists of polypropylene. The life essentially depends on compliance with the chemical resistance tables of the producer (e.g. Bayer, BASF).

The centrifuge and the rotors should not be exposed to intensive UV radition and longer thermal stress. Cleaning should be done using mild detergents.

If required the rotor can be removed. After reinstallation please tighten the rotor tie-down screw properly.

In the event of material changes (cracks) or deformation and uneven run the rotor must no longer be used and the manufacturer should be informed accordingly.

With increasing temperature the chemical resistance of plastics will reduce.

### The chemical resistance must be checked beforehand!

Careful maintenance increases life time and avoids premature failure of the rotor. Corrosion or resultant damages which are caused by insufficient care do not constitute a warranty claim.

## 6.3 Glass Breakage

In case of glass breakage all glass particles must be carefully removed. Rubber inserts have to be cleaned carefully and possibly be replaced. If a problem has occured, the following has to be considered:

Glass particles in the rubber cushion will cause glass breakage again.

Glass particles in the centrifuge chamber will cause metal abrasion due to the strong air circulation. This dust will not only pollute the centrifuge chamber, the rotor and the material to be centrifuged but also damage the surfaces of the accessories, the rotors and the centrifuge chamber.

In order to totally remove the glass particles and the metal dust from the rotor chamber, it is advisable to grease the upper part of the centrifuge chamber with e.g. Vaseline. Then the rotor should rotate for some minutes at a moderate speed. The glass and metal-particles will now collect at the greased part and can easily be removed with a cloth together with the grease. If necessary repeat this procedure.

# 6.4 Sterilization and Disinfection of Rotor Chamber and Accessories

All usual disinfectants like eg. Sagrotan, Buraton or Terralin (to obtain at chemist's shops) can be used. The centrifuges and the accessories consist of different materials. A possible incompatibility must be considered. Before using detergents or decontamination agents which had not been recommended by us, the user has to contact us to make sure that such procedure would not damage the centrifuge. For sterilization by steam resistance to temperature of the individual material must be checked (refer to point 6.4.1 "Autoclaving"). Please contact your laboratory safety officer regarding proper methods to use. If dangerous materials are used, the centrifuge and the accessories must be disinfected.

Principally we want to point out that for centrifuging of e.g. infectious material certified and hermetically sealed accessories have to be used in order to avoid that the centrifuge is contaminated.

## 6.4.1 Autoclaving

The life of the accessories essentially depends on the frequency of autoclaving and use. When the parts are showing changes in colour or structure or in the event of leaks etc., the accessories have to be replaced.

During autoclaving the caps of the tubes must not be screwed on to avoid deformation of the tubes. It can not be excluded that plastic parts, e.g. lids or carriers, would deform during autoclaving.

### Autoclaving:

Accessories	max. temp. °C	min. time	max. time	max. cycles
Glass tubes	134-138	3	5	-
Polycarbonate tubes	115-118	30	40	20
Polypropylene tubes	115-118	30	40	30
Teflon tubes	134-138	3	5	100
Aluminium rotors	134-138	3	5	<b>***</b>
Polypropylene rotor 12034	115-118	30	40	20
Polypropylene rotor 12124	115-118	30	40	20
Polycarbonate/Polyallomer	115-118	30	40	20
lids for angle rotors				
Polysulfone lids for angle	134-138	3	5	100
rotors				***************************************
Aluminium buckets	134-138	3	5	-
Polycarbonate caps for	115-118	30	40	50
buckets				
Polypropylene caps for	115-118	30	40	50
buckets				
Polysulfone caps for	134-138	3	5	100
buckets				
Rubber adapters	115-118	30	40	-
Rubber cushions	115-118	30	40	
Round carriers for 13104/	115-118	30	40	-
13117, Polypropylene				
ditto, Polyallomer and	115-118	30	40	-
Polycarbonate				
Round carriers for 13350/	115-118	30	40	-
13550, Polypropylene				
Rectangular carriers,	115-118	30	40	••
Polypropylene				
ditto, Polyallomer and	115-118	30	40	-
Polycarbonate				

## 6.5 Checks by Operator

The operator has to ensure that no important part of the centrifuge is damaged. This especially refers to:

- 1. Motor suspension
- 2. Concentricity of the motor shaft
- 3. Rotors and accessories have to be free from corrosion, cracks, material abrasion etc.
- 4. Screw connections have to be tight.

Furthermore, the earth wire must be checked regularly.

### 7.1 Mathematical Relations

# 7.1.1 Relative Centrifugal Force (RCF)

The parameters speed, RCF and the diameter of the rotor are interrelated via the following formula:

$$RCF = 11,18 \times 10^{-6} \times r \times n^2$$

If two values are given, the third value is determined by the equation. If the speed or the rotation radius is changed, the resulting RCF will be recalculated. If the RCF is altered, the speed under consideration of the radius is adapted accordingly.

r = radius in cm n = speed in rpm RCF without dimension

### 7.1.2 Density

If the density of the liquid is higher than 1.2 g/cm³, the allowed maximum speed of the centrifuge is calculated according to the following formula:

$$n = n_{\text{max}} \times \sqrt{(1, 2/Rho)}$$

Rho = density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### 7.2 Error Correction

There are two kinds of errors:

- 1. Errors without LED-signal
- 2 Errors with LED-signal

### Without LED-signal

Please check:

- Power supply ok (fuses)?
- Power cord plugged in?
- Power switch on?
- Lid properly closed? LED Cover/Deckel (3) illuminated.

If these points are in order, please check the fuses of the power supply socket (refer to chapter 7.2.2 "Check of fuses").

#### With LED-signal

Most of the errors can be reset by power off/on. If the error occurs again, contact Service (refer to chapter 7.3 "Error mode").

## 7.2.1 Emergency Lid Release

In the event of e.g. a power supply failure it is possible to manually open the lid.

The opening for emergency lid release (8) is in the right panel. Please unplug power cord. Put a screw driver approx. 50 mm horizontally into the opening and open the lid lock by pressing in the screw driver.

#### Attention!

The lid may only be unlocked and opened when the rotor is at standstill.

### 7.2.2 Check of Fuses

At the rear panel of the centrifuge there is a fuse holder with two fine-wire fuses type 2AT.

The fuse holder can be removed by pressing the two brackets together.

Spare fuses are fastened to the power cord.

## 7.2.3 Problems with the Centrifuge?

Please contact your supplier for support or in the event of malfunctions and for supply of spare parts.

### 7.3 Error Mode

In the error mode the LEDs Cover/Deckel (3) and Run/Rotor läuft (7) are flashing. The error number is indicated by the sum of the flash cycles of the Cover/Deckel-LED.

### Example:

- Start/Stop-LED (4) flashes 3 x short
- Cover/Deckel-LED (3) flashes 4 x in seconds cycle and indicates error no. 4

If the error mode is left by power off/on, the flash cycle repeats permanently.

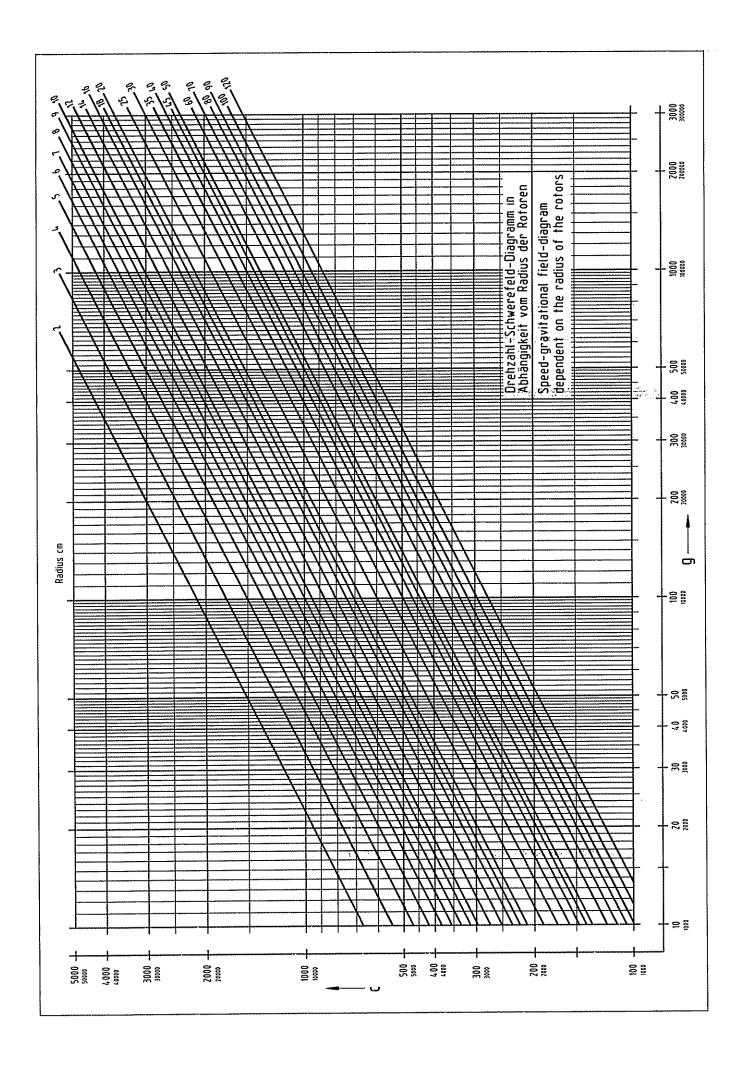
### 7.3.1 Error Codes

Error no.	Kind of error	Measures
	After pressing the Cover/ Deckel-key the cover does not open.	<ul><li>Power off/on</li><li>Emergency lid release</li></ul>

Should it not be possible to repair the failure, please contact Service!

# 7.4 Speed-RCF-Diagram

An additional help is the enclosed Speed-RCF-Diagram.



#### Declaration of Decontamination / Return Declaration 7.5

The following declarations serve for keeping safety and health of our employees. Fill in the forms and attach them when returning centrifuges, accessories and spare parts. Please understand that we cannot carry out any work before we have the declarations. (We recommend to make several copies of this page.)

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!!! Attention – This form must be glued on outside of the box !!!

# **Return declaration**

	with the second	YES	МО
Decontamination declaration insid	e:		
Unit / component contaminated :			
Unit / component unused (new):			

!!! Attention – This form must be glued on outside of the box !!!

Please make some copies before removing this page.

### 7. Appendix: Declaration of Decontamination of Centrifuges, Accessories and Spare Parts This declaration may only be filled in and signed by authorised staff. Repair Order dtd.: Order No.: Type of unit: Serial No.: Serial No.: Type of unit: Serial No.: Type of unit: Serial No.: Type of unit: Accessories: Is the equipment free from harmful substances? If not, which substances have come into contact with the equipment? Name of the substances: Remarks (e.g to be touched with gloves only); General characteristics of the substances: O Corrosive Explosive Radioactive O O Biologically hazardous O Toxic In combination with which substances may hazardous mixtures develop? Name of the substances: 0 Has the equipment been cleaned before shipment? YES NO 0 YES O NO $\mathbf{o}$ Is the equipment decontaminated and not harmful to health? Prior to repair, radioactively contaminated components must be decontaminated according to the valid regulations for radiation protection. **Legally Binding Declaration** I / we hereby declare that the information on this declaration are correct and complete. Company / Institute: Street: Postcode, City: FAX: \_\_\_ Tel.: Name: Date: Stamp:

Please make some copies before removing this page.

**X**\_\_\_\_\_

Signature: